

# ANTIMICROBIAL TEST LABORATORIES

## Microbiology Study Report NG4569

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### Client Information

Company Name:	<u>CitroBio, Inc.</u>	Sponsor:	<u>R. Maguire</u>
Phone:	<u>(941) 359-1647</u>	E-mail:	<u>lina@citrobio.com</u>

### Test Information

Test(s) Performed:	<u>Suspension Time Kill (ASTM E2315)</u>		
SOP Followed:	<u>Testing Facility Operation 026.1</u>	Performed by:	<u>D. Sowersby</u>

### Test Substance Information

Date Received:	<u>04 OCT 2013</u>	Test Substances:	<u>CB Original Formula</u>
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### Parameters

Microorganism :	<u><i>S. enterica</i> ATCC 10708 (SE); <i>L. monocytogenes</i> ATCC 15313 (LM); <i>E. coli</i> ATCC 8739 (EC)</u>		
Subculture #:	<u>1- overnight culture (18-24 hours)</u>	Exposure Temp.	<u>Room Temperature</u>
Growth Medium:	<u>Tryptic Soy Broth (TSB) (SE &amp; EC)</u>	Type of Sample:	<u>Liquid (10 mL)</u>
	<u>Brain-Heart Infusion (BHI) (LM)</u>	Neutralizer Used:	<u>Dey/Engley (D/E) Broth, 9.0 mL</u>
Inoculum Volume:	<u>25 <math>\mu</math>L (SE); 50 <math>\mu</math>L (LM); 12 <math>\mu</math>L (EC)</u>	# of Replicates:	<u>Singlet</u>
Enumeration Medium:	<u>Tryptic Soy Agar (TSA)</u>	Plate Incubation:	<u>36.0 <math>\pm</math> 1</u>
Incubation Time:	<u>24 hours (SE &amp; EC); 48 hours (LM)</u>	Contact Times:	<u>15 minutes</u>

### Controls

Neutralized:	<u>N/A</u>	Growth Control:	<u>N/A</u>
Broth Sterility:	<u>Passed</u>	Agar Sterility:	<u>Passed</u>

### Test Results

Test(s) Valid?:	<u>See Results</u>	Confirmation:	<u>Morphology on TSA</u>
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**Notes:** The test substance was diluted with water to a final concentration of 400 ppm before use. A 10 ml volume of diluted test substance was aliquoted into a sterile vessel which was then inoculated with respective microorganisms directly from overnight working cultures. The resulting mixture was vortexed thoroughly and incubated at room temperature for the contact time described above whereupon a 1.0 ml aliquot was then harvested in 9.0 ml of D/E broth. Surviving test organisms were enumerated per standard dilution and plating techniques. CFU reductions were compared to an RO water control at time zero.

Tests Completed:	<u>10 OCT 2013</u>	Report Sent:	<u>11 OCT 2013</u>
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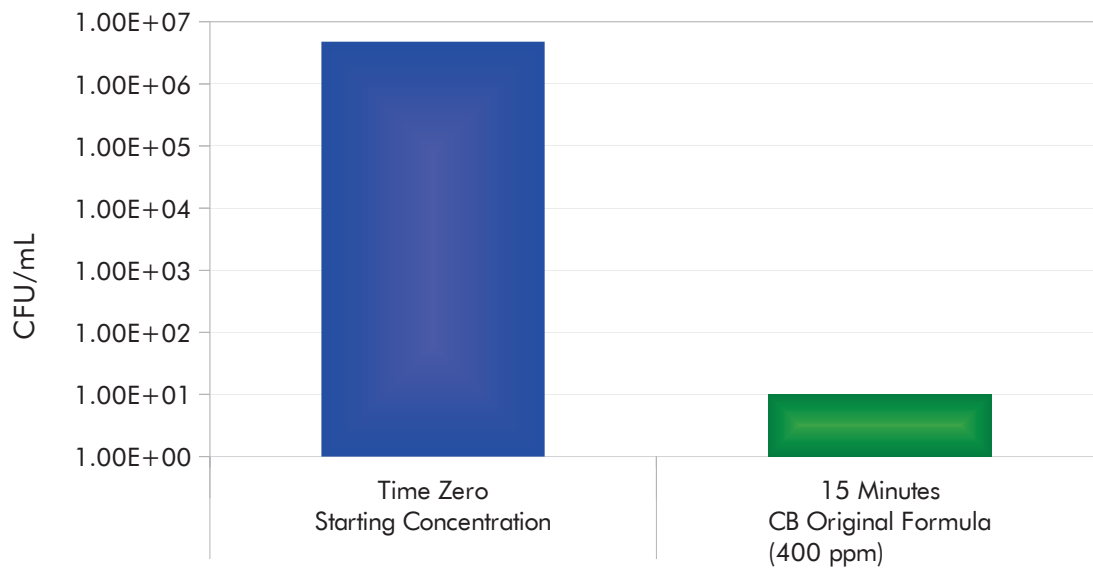
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## Results (*S. enterica*)

Microorganism	Sample ID	Time Point	CFU/ml	Percent Reduction	Log <sub>10</sub> Reduction
<i>S. enterica</i> ATCC 10708	Starting Concentration	Time Zero	4.75E+06	N/A	
	CB Original Formula (400 ppm)	15 Minutes	1.00E+01	99.9998%	5.68



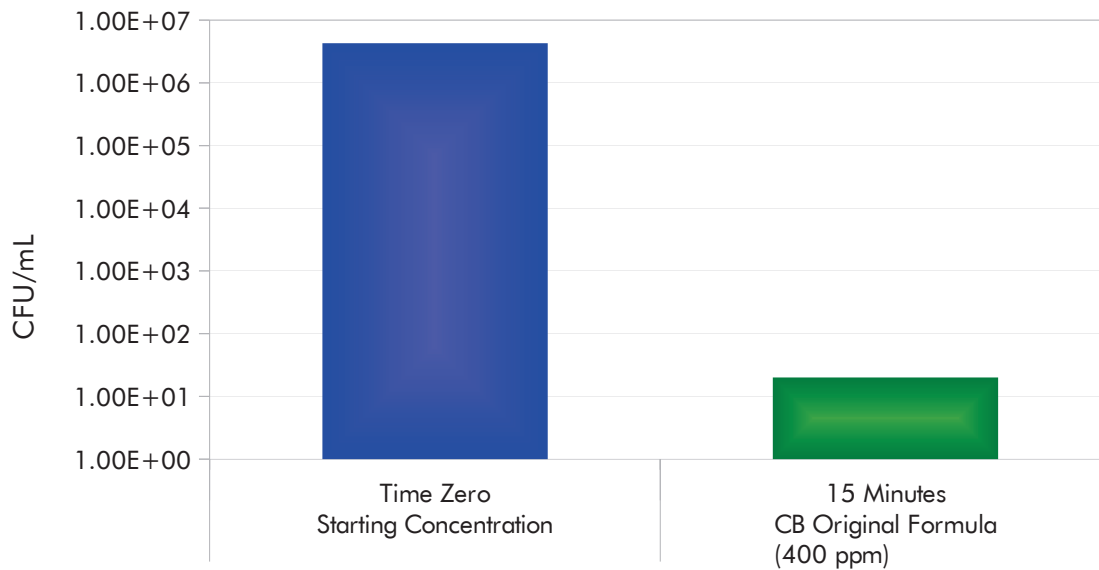
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## Results (*L. monocytogenes*)

Microorganism	Sample ID	Time Point	CFU/ml	Percent Reduction	Log <sub>10</sub> Reduction
<i>L. monocytogenes</i> ATCC 15313	Starting Concentration	Time Zero	4.30E+06	N/A	
	CB Original Formula (400 ppm)	15 Minutes	2.00E+01	99.9995%	5.33



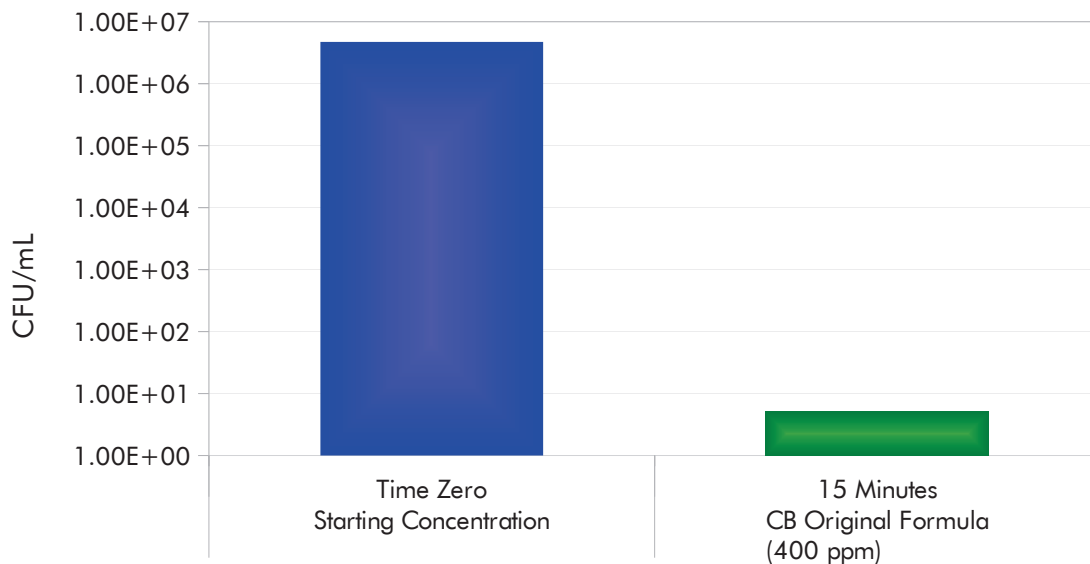
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## Results (*E. coli*)

Microorganism	Sample ID	Time Point	CFU/ml	Percent Reduction	Log <sub>10</sub> Reduction
<i>E. coli</i> ATCC 8739	Starting Concentration	Time Zero	4.75E+06	N/A	
	CB Original Formula (400 ppm)	15 Minutes	5.00E+00	99.9999%	5.98



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## Additional Information

### Sample Calculations

$$\% \text{ Reduction} = 100 \times (B-A)/B$$

Where:

A = Number of viable test microorganisms in sample after the contact time

B = Number of viable test microorganisms in the untreated sample after immediately after inoculation

$$\text{Log Reduction} = \log(B-A)$$

Where:

A = Number of viable test microorganisms in sample after the contact time

B = Number of viable test microorganisms in the untreated sample after immediately after inoculation